



JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY KAKINADA
KAKINADA–533003, Andhra Pradesh, India
DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

III Year – II SEMESTER		L	T	P	C
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MICROPROCESSORS AND MICROCONTROLLERS					

Preamble:

Microprocessor and Microcontroller have become important building blocks in digital electronics design. It is important for student to understand the architecture of a microprocessor and its interfacing with various modules. 8086 microprocessor architecture, programming, and interfacing is dealt in detail in this course. Interfacing, PIC, architecture, programming in C.

Course objectives:

- To understand the organization and architecture of Microprocessor
- To understand addressing modes to access memory
- To understand 8051 micro controller architecture
- To understand the programming principles for 8086 and 8051
- To understand the interfacing of Microprocessor with I/O as well as other devices
- To understand how to develop cyber physical systems

UNIT - I**Introduction to Microprocessor Architecture**

Introduction and evolution of Microprocessors – Architecture of 8086 – Memory Organization of 8086 – Register Organization of 8086– Introduction to 80286 - 80386 - 80486 and Pentium (brief description about architectural advancements only).

UNIT - II**Minimum and Maximum Mode Operations**

Instruction sets of 8086 - Addressing modes – Assembler directives - General bus operation of 8086 – Minimum and Maximum mode operations of 8086 – 8086 Control signal interfacing – Read and write cycle timing diagrams.

UNIT - III**Microprocessors I/O interfacing**

8255 PPI– Architecture of 8255–Modes of operation– Interfacing I/O devices to 8086 using 8255– Interfacing A to D converters– Interfacing D to A converters– Stepper motor interfacing– Static memory interfacing with 8086.

Architecture and interfacing of 8251 USART – Architecture and interfacing of DMA controller (8257).

UNIT - IV**8051 Microcontroller**

Overview of 8051 Microcontroller – Architecture– Memory Organization – Register set – I/O ports and Interrupts – Timers and Counters – Serial Communication – Interfacing of peripherals- Instruction set.

UNIT - V**PIC Architecture**

Block diagram of basic PIC 18 micro controller – registers I/O ports – Programming in C for PIC: Data types - I/O programming - logical operations - data conversion.



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Course Outcomes:

After the completion of the course the student should be able to:

- Know the concepts of the Microprocessor capability in general and explore the evaluation of microprocessors.
- Analyse the instruction sets - addressing modes - minimum and maximum modes operations of 8086 Microprocessors
- Analyse the Microcontroller and interfacing capability
- Describe the architecture and interfacing of 8051 controller
- Know the concepts of PIC micro controller and its programming.

Text Books:

1. Ray and Burchandi - “Advanced Microprocessors and Interfacing” - Tata McGraw–Hill - 3rd edition - 2006.
2. Kenneth J Ayala - “The 8051 Microcontroller Architecture - Programming and Applications” - Thomson Publishers - 2nd Edition.
3. PIC Microcontroller and Embedded Systems using Assembly and C for PIC 18 - -Muhammad Ali Mazidi - RolindD.Mckinay - Danny causey -Pearson Publisher 21st Impression.

Reference Books:

1. Microprocessors and Interfacing - Douglas V Hall - Mc–Graw Hill - 2nd Edition.
2. R.S. Kaler - “A Text book of Microprocessors and Micro Controllers” - I.K. International Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
3. Ajay V. Deshmukh - “Microcontrollers – Theory and Applications” - Tata McGraw–Hill Companies –2005.
4. Ajit Pal - “Microcontrollers – Principles and Applications” - PHI Learning Pvt Ltd - 2011.